**IHBB European Championships 2014**

**Bowl Round 7**

**First Quarter**

1. This musical piece was commissioned for the dedication ceremony of the Cathedral of Christ the Savior. This piece counters out the Marseillaise with "God Save the Tsar" to represent the French-Russian clash at the Battle of Borodino. For 10 points, name this cannon-containing Tchaikovsky piece that is commonly performed on July 4 in the U.S.

ANSWER: the ***1812 Overture***

2. This person was a sheltered prince when he saw a sick man, an old man, and a dead man after walking outside the palace. This person was enlightened under a bodhi tree, after which he explained the Eightfold Path and the Four Noble Truths as the method of achieving nirvana. For 10 points, name this founder of a karma-focused Asian religion.

ANSWER: the **Buddha** [or Siddhartha **Gautama**]

3. This man's death triggered the clashes known as La Noche Triste. This ruler was stoned by his subjects after urging surrender from a window. This person led the conquest of the Yopi and Zapotec, and he gave gold and silver disks to an explorer. For 10 points, name this last Aztec emperor, who was killed by Hernan Cortes in 1519 during the conquest of Mexico.

ANSWER: **Montezuma** II [or **Motecuhzoma** Xocoyotzin]

4. In this city, Renato Jones illegally interfered with referees to create a controversial end to the basketball final. Events in this city triggered Operation Wrath of God. Marc Spitz left this city early with his gold medals after Black September killed Israeli athletes here. For 10 points, name this site of the 1972 Summer Olympics in Germany.

ANSWER: **Munich**

5. This group "flashed all their sabres bare" and did not "reason why," because their destiny was to "do and die," according to the poem about them. Inspired by the cry "half a league onward," this group of "six hundred" men "rode into the valley of death." For 10 points, name this cavalry unit honored by Tennyson for a doomed "charge" during the Crimean War.

ANSWER: the **Light Brigade**

6. These people were subject to "redemption payments" that were not abolished until 1907. These people had limited rights to democratic representation in newly created "zemstvos." An 1861 "emancipation manifesto" removed legal restrictions on these people. For 10 points, name these people who were freed by Alexander II from their agricultural servitude in Russia.

ANSWER: Russian **serf**s [or Russian **peasant**s; or former **serfs**, etc.]

7. This man directed the poorly received World War II comedy *1941*. In another of this director's films, a character describes the attack on the *USS* *Indianapolis*. A later film by this director of *Empire of the Sun* opens with an intense depiction of D-Day. For 10 points, name this American director of *Saving Private Ryan, Jurassic Park*, and *Jaws.*

ANSWER: Steven **Spielberg**

8. One of these people was known by the codename "LIBERAL." After their death, these people's children were adopted by the writer of the anti-lynching song "Strange Fruit," Abel Meeropol. They worked with David Greenglass and Martin Sobell and were proven guilty decades after the fact by the VENONA cables. For 10 points, name this husband-and-wife spy team who passed atomic secrets to the Soviets, leading to their controversial 1953 execution.

ANSWER: the **Rosenberg**s [or Julius and Ethel **Rosenberg**, etc.]

9. People seeking to get around this restriction visited "blind pigs" and other "speakeasies." This time period was inaugurated by the Volstead Act, enforcing the Eighteenth Amendment, and its advocates included the WCTU. This era enabled "bootleggers" such as Al Capone to get rich. For 10 points, name this time period in the U.S. in which selling alcohol was illegal.

ANSWER: **Prohibition**

10. These people were led by men named Ragnar Hairy-Pants and Sigurd Snake-in-the-Eye. These people attacked monasteries at Lindisfarne and Iona. This group founded permanent states such as Normandy after they stopped raiding. For 10 points, name this longboat-using Norsemen who pillaged European coasts in the Middle Ages.

ANSWER: **Vikings** [or **Norse**men until it is read]

**IHBB Championships 2014**

**Bowl Round 7**

**Second Quarter**

1. In 2012, this man travelled to Muscatine, Iowa to visit a family he once lived with for two weeks on exchange. This chairman of the Central Military Commission was given his current post in 2013 after a vote by the National People's Congress. For 10 points, name this member of the "princeling" generation, who succeeded Hu Jintao to become the current president of China.

ANSWER: **Xi** Jinping

BONUS: What Chinese president for most of the 2000s appeared in public during his retirement in 2012 to dispel rumors that he had died?

ANSWER: **Jiang** Zemin

2. A war launched by this man inspired the painting series *Los Caprichios* and *The Disasters of War* by Francisco Goya. This man is depicted "on his Imperial throne" by Jean Ingres (ON-gruh) and "crossing the Alps" by Jacques-Louis David. For 10 points, name this frequent subject of art following his invasions of Austria, Spain, and other European countries for France.

ANSWER: **Napoleon** I [or Napoleon **Bonaparte**]

BONUS: What later French ruler was satirized in a cartoon showing him turning into a pear by Honore Daumier?

ANSWER: **Louis-Philippe**

3. This man delivered the "Gold Star Mothers speech" to refute allegations that he had "never held a job." This man's Presidential aspirations were derailed by a bathtub accident he suffered while serving as Ohio's Senator. He is the only surviving member of the Mercury Seven. For 10 points, name this politician and astronaut who, in 1962, became the first man to orbit the Earth.

ANSWER: John **Glenn**

BONUS: What Soviet citizen was the first man in space, a year before John Glenn's orbit?

ANSWER: Yuri **Gagarin**

4. This invention was first used extensively by an English speaker when William Caxton acquired one in Bruges (**pr. BROOJ**). This invention was used to produce a landmark forty-two-line Bible in Mainz. It replaced the unreliable woodblocks of Chinese forerunners with metal moveable type. For 10 points, name this invention perfected by Johannes Gutenberg.

ANSWER: **printing press** [or **moveable type** until it is read]

BONUS: William Caxton printed early legends about what king of Wessex?

ANSWER: **Alfred** the Great

5. This war included the foreign volunteers known as the "Abraham Lincoln Brigades." During this war, the Condor Legion bombed Guernica. This war's losing side was confounded by ever-changing directives from Moscow on the Communist interest in this war. For 10 points, name this war of the mid-1930s which ended with the Nationalists taking power in Madrid?

ANSWER: **Spanish Civil War**

BONUS: What author of a novel about Winston Smith chronicled his time fighting in Spain in the nonfiction *Homage to Catalonia?*

ANSWER: George **Orwell** [or Eric **Blair**]

6. This empire lost territory to the expanding Islamic lands when it was ruled by Heraclius. This empire underwent a near civil war during the iconoclasm controversy instigated by Leo III. Justinian was an emperor of this state, which fell to the Ottomans in 1453. For 10 points, identify this Greek-speaking Christian power, centered at Constantinople.

ANSWER: **Byzantine** Empire [or **Eastern Roman** Empire prompt on **Roman** Empire or similar answers]

BONUS: Byzantine emperor Basil II acquired what nickname for his success at the Battle of Kleidion?

ANSWER: the **Bulgar-Slayer**

7. This structure's fundraising party is where Zachary Taylor overate, leading to his death. It surpassed the Cologne Cathedral as the tallest man-made structure on Earth until the opening of the Eiffel Tower. It sits directly across the Reflecting Pool from the Lincoln Memorial. For 10 points, name this 555-foot obelisk that is visible for miles around the capital of the U.S.

ANSWER: the **Washington Monument**

BONUS: The Washington Monument was topped with what then-valuable material, which is purified in the Hall-Heroult process?

ANSWER: **aluminum**

8. This country was long led by dictator Daniel arap Moi. This country is where General China and Dedan Kimathi led a rebellion. The colonial experience on a coffee plantation in this country is described in the book and film *Out of Africa.* For 10 points, identify this country that is named for Africa's second-tallest mountain and was the homeland of Barack Obama's father.

ANSWER: **Kenya**

BONUS: What country, whose own colonial empire was mostly limited to Greenland, was *Out of Africa* author Isak Dinesen from?

ANSWER: **Denmark**

**IHBB Championships 2014**

**Bowl Round 3**

**Third Quarter**

ENEMIES OF ROME

What people or place was the…

1. North African empire that fought the Punic Wars?

ANSWER: **Carthage**

2. Queen of Egypt who allied with Marc Antony?

ANSWER: **Cleopatra** VII

2. Tribe who invaded Rome under Attila?

ANSWER: **Hun**s

4. Dominant civilization in north Italy before the Romans?

ANSWER: **Etruscan**s [or **Tyrrhenian**s]

5. Group under Odoacer that overthrew the last Western Emperor?

ANSWER: **Ostrogoth**s

6. Tribe who, as their name suggests, destructively sacked Rome in 455?

ANSWER: **Vandal**s

7. Tribe that set up its own kingdom in Spain and included the sack leader Alaric?

ANSWER: **Visigoth**s

8. Residents of modern-day Romania against whom Trajan warred?

ANSWER: the **Dacian**s

LETTERS

In historical correspondence, who or what was the...

1. War which broke out despite the "Willy-Nicky" letters in 1914

ANSWER: **World War I**

2. Prussian premier who altered the Ems Dispatch, triggering the Franco-Prussian War.

ANSWER: Otto von **Bismarck**

3. Loser of a power struggle with Stalin who wrote anti-Soviet letters before being killed in Mexico.

ANSWER: Leon **Trotsky** [or Lev Davidovich **Bronstein**]

4. Holder of nonconsecutive Presidencies who was scandalized by the Murchison Letter

ANSWER: Stephen Grover **Cleveland**

5. War in which the Rough Riders served that broke out over the De Lome letter

ANSWER: **Spanish-American** War

6. British political party that lost the 1924 elections to the Conservatives after the Zinoviev Letter was printed

ANSWER: **Labour** Party

7. Foreign Secretary who wrote a "Declaration" in support of a Jewish homeland

ANSWER: Arthur James **Balfour**

8. "Continental Liar from the State of Maine" who lost the Presidency after writing "burn this letter"

ANSWER: James G. **Blaine**

COLD WAR PEOPLE

In Cold War Europe, who…

1. Was the Non-Aligned longtime leader of Yugoslavia?

ANSWER: **Tito** [or Josip **Broz**]

2. Oversaw the reunification of Germany as Chancellor?

ANSWER: Helmut **Kohl**

3. Was the Socialist president of France in the 1980s?

ANSWER: Francois **Mitterand**

4. Led the Solidarity strike that ultimately ended Communism in Poland?

ANSWER: Lech **Walesa**

5. Was a playwright-dissident who became the elected president of the Czech Republic?

ANSWER: Vaclav **Havel**

6. Was the hydrogen bomb pioneer who was sanctioned for advocating Soviet human rights?

ANSWER: Andrei **Sakharov**

7. Led a liberal movement that was crushed in 1956 Hungary?

ANSWER: Imre **Nagy** (NAJ)

8. Were the group of Jews denied permission to leave the USSR?

ANSWER: **Refusenik**s

**IHBB Championships 2014**

**Bowl Round 7**

**Fourth Quarter**

1. **This man's life was chronicled by the historians Quintus Curtius Rufus and Arrian. This man regretted drunkenly killing Cletus the Black, who had saved his life at the Battle of the Granicus. This man defeated (+) Darius III at Issus and Gaugamela, after which he took over rule of the Persian Empire. This rider of the horse (\*)** Bucephalus was the son of Philip II. For 10 points, name this conqueror who inaugurated the Hellenistic Age by marching from Macedon to India.

ANSWER: **Alexander** the Great [or **Alexander** III of Macedon]

2. **A supporter of this cause was mangled by the King's horse at the Epsom Derby. The Cat and Mouse Act was passed to curtail the (+) hunger strikes staged by a leading activist for this cause. In England, this cause was supported by the radical WSPU, which was led by (\*)** Emmeline Pankhurst. For 10 points, name this goal accomplished by the Nineteenth Amendment in the United States and supported by "suffragettes" in England.

ANSWER: **women's voting rights** [or equivalents; or women's **suffrage** until "suffragettes" is read]

3. **This philosopher outlined four "reflective judgments," agreeable, sublime, beautiful, and good. This man distinguished between *a priori* and *a posteriori* knowledge and advocated an early form of international law in his tract (+) *Perpetual Peace*. This man suggested acting in accordance with what one wishes universal law to be, his (\*)** categorical imperative. For 10 points, identify this German thinker who wrote the *Critique of Pure Reason*.

ANSWER: Immanuel **Kant**

4. **This treaty restricted trade with the Iroquois and opened trade with India. St. Kitts, Majorca, and Gibraltar were transferred under this treaty, which also gave the right to supply (+) slaves to Spanish colonies exclusively to Britain. Phillip of Anjou renounced the (\*)** French throne, but secured his position in another country, in this treaty. For 10 points, name this 1721 treaty that ended the War of the Spanish Succession.

ANSWER: Treaty of **Utrecht**

5. **The namesake ship of the *Virginius* affair was attempting to supply weapons to this place. This place was the namesake of a committee demanding (+) "fair play" that attracted American Communists, most notably Lee Harvey Oswald. As Secretary of State, James (\*)** Buchanan signed a document advocating annexing this island for slave states, the Ostend Manifesto. For 10 points, name this location of the Bay of Pigs disaster, the namesake of a 1962 "missile crisis."

ANSWER: **Cuba**

6. **This country's Era of the Princes was named due to its lack of an emperor. This country was re-unified by the Solomonic Dynasty, which claimed descent from the Biblical Solomon and the Queen of (+) Sheba, a place identified with this country. This country's longtime twentieth-century leader was a pan-Africanist emperor who is worshipped by (\*)** Rastafarians. For 10 points, name this oldest Christian state in Africa, which claims to hold the Ark of the Covenant near Addis Ababa.

ANSWER: **Ethiopia**

7. **Christian IV brought Denmark into this war to fight an army led by an ally of the Piccolominis who was later replaced by Tilly, Albrecht von Wallenstein. At the Battle of Lutzen, a man nicknamed "the (+) Lion of the North" won a victory in this war. This war began when representative of Ferdinand II were thrown into a (\*)** manure pile by Protestants in Prague. For 10 points, name this European religious conflict ended by the Peace of Westphalia.

ANSWER: **Thirty Years'** War

8. **This person, who was succeeded by the do-nothing Tsar Paul, was allegedly fooled during a tour of the Black Sea by the construction of sham (+) "Potemkin villages." This ruler was the target of Pugachev's Rebellion, led by a Cossack who claimed to be (\*)** her dead husband. After assenting to the murder of her husband Peter III, this German-born "enlightened despot" instituted restrictions on noble privilege. For 10 points, name this last woman to rule Russia.

ANSWER: **Catherine** the Great [or **Catherine** II]

**IHBB Championships 2014**

**Bowl Round 7**

**Extra/Tiebreaker**

**This is the name of a document which neutralized the Black Sea in 1856, ending the Crimean War. Puerto Rico was surrendered to the U.S. in an 1898 document of this name that ended the (+) Spanish-American War. The 1783 version of this document guaranteed (\*)** Loyalist property and recognized the United States. For 10 points, give the common name of these peace accords, including the one that ended the American Revolution.

ANSWER: Treaty of **Paris**

BONUS: What kind of institution had a "wildcat" state-chartered type and a "pet" kind that were favored in the 1830s?

ANSWER: **bank**s