

Bowl Round 3 – MIDDLE SCHOOL

First Quarter

- (1) The Hexi Corridor was established to protect this system, which had an eastern terminus at Xi'an. The secrets of papermaking and the magnetic compass spread via this system, which became largely obsolete after the Portuguese rounded the Cape of Good Hope. For ten points, name this trade route that brought numerous goods, including a namesake textile, from China to Europe.

ANSWER: Silk Road (or similar, like Silk Route)

- (2) The codephrase "Tora! Tora! Tora!" indicated that this event was a total surprise to its victims, who are remembered at the *USS Arizona* memorial. Its date was labeled "a date which will live in infamy" by Franklin Roosevelt. For ten points, what December 7, 1941 event was a sneak attack by the Japanese on a U.S. naval base?

ANSWER: attack on Pearl Harbor (or equivalents)

- (3) This composer wrote four separate overtures for his only opera. His final symphony opens with pianissimo fourths in imitation of the orchestra tuning and its final movement is the anthem of the EU. For ten points, name this composer of *Fidelio* who used a Friedrich Schiller poem in his Symphony no. 9, in which a chorus sings the "Ode to Joy."

ANSWER: Ludwig van Beethoven

- (4) The British East India Company annexed this island from the Sultanate of Johor. That allowed Stamford Raffles to found this city-state, a trading post that has developed into the southernmost of the four "Asian Tiger" economies. For ten points, name this island nation that was expelled from Malaysia in 1965.

ANSWER: Singapore

- (5) Some of this man's work was jointly published with Alfred Wallace. This man described his journey to the Galapagos in 1839's *The Voyage of the Beagle*. For ten points, name this British scientist whose *On the Origin of Species* is considered the cornerstone of evolutionary biology.

ANSWER: Charles Darwin

- (6) The introduction of one form of this technology allowed Hongi Hika to win wars among the Maori on New Zealand. Guy Fawkes's failed plot to destroy Parliament involved barrels of, for ten points, what material, a mixture of saltpeter, sulfur, and charcoal whose invention in 9th century China led to the development of cannons and modern projectile weapons?

ANSWER: gunpowder (accept black powder; accept Congreve rockets; accept Musket War(s); accept generic terms like "guns" or "cannons" before "Guy Fawkes" is said)

(7) During this man's presidency, the popular Pinckney's Treaty with Spain and the unpopular Jay's Treaty with Great Britain were both signed. He urged the United States to resist "entangling" alliances with Europe and avoid political parties in his farewell address. Thomas Jefferson served as the Secretary of State to, for ten points, what first U.S. President?

ANSWER: George **Washington**

(8) In this war, US F-86 Sabres fought over MiG Alley. An intervention by Chinese forces over the Yalu River in this war led to the dismissal of Douglas MacArthur. The United States led UN forces to the 38th parallel in, for ten points, what war fought over an East Asian peninsula now divided into North and South countries?

ANSWER: **Korean** War

Second Quarter

(1) This owner of the yacht *Granma* allowed refugees to leave his country at the port city of Mariel in 1980. Fulgencio Batista was overthrown by this leader, who was targeted in the Bay of Pigs invasion. For ten points, name this long time Cuban Communist leader who was succeeded by his brother Raul.

ANSWER: Fidel **Castro**

BONUS: Castro was assisted by this popular Argentine guerrilla fighter, who was also the subject of an iconic photograph.

ANSWER: **Che Guevara** (accept either)

(2) A composer from this former country withdrew his Mahler-inspired Fourth Symphony after an editorial attacked his modernist opera *Lady Macbeth of Mtsensk*. Socialist realism was the official artistic style of, for ten points, what nation where Dmitry Shostakovich fell out of favor with the Communist Party under Joseph Stalin?

ANSWER: **USSR** (or **Soviet Union** or **Union of Soviet Socialist Republics**, prompt on Russia)

BONUS: A symphony by Shostakovich was named for the city of Leningrad, a city which is now known once again by what name?

ANSWER: **St. Petersburg**

(3) During one sermon, this man was not understood by anyone except Mahakashyapa, who smiled when this man held up a white lotus. After this figure's enlightenment, he described the Eightfold Path as a method of escaping samsara and attaining nirvana. For ten points, name this religious figure whose teachings form the basis for an Indian religion.

ANSWER: Siddhartha **Gautama** (or the **Buddha**)

BONUS: Buddhism has for centuries been the dominant religion of which island country south of India?

ANSWER: **Sri Lanka**

(4) This country's scientists developed a liquid-propellant engine for use in the first man-made object to cross into outer space. That event took place in 1944 when this country fired V-2 rockets at London. For ten points, name this country whose rocket scientists, including Werner Von Braun, were unsuccessful at creating a nuclear weapon before it lost World War II.

ANSWER: Nazi **Germany** (or the **Third Reich**)

BONUS: Many German scientists brought to the USA after World War II later found work with which American space agency?

ANSWER: **NASA**

(5) The Corona program was created to perform this action from outer space. In 1960, Gary Powers was shot down while attempting to perform this action in a U2 plane whose cameras were recovered by the Soviets. For ten points, name this type of covert action performed by the CIA against the Soviet Union during the Cold War to gain information.

ANSWER: **spying** (accept **espionage** or equivalent)

BONUS: Which fictional spy made his movie debut when he was played by Sean Connery in the film *Dr. No*?

ANSWER: James **Bond**

(6) The Alamo Canal, built to irrigate the Imperial Valley of this river, failed in 1905, creating the Salton Sea. Construction of the Glen Canyon Dam created Lake Powell on this river, which often fails to flow to the Gulf of California. For ten points, name this river in the western United States that flows through the Grand Canyon.

ANSWER: **Colorado** River

BONUS: This structure, once called Boulder Dam, was built on the Colorado River during the Great Depression. Lake Mead filled behind this structure, which is named for a former President.

ANSWER: **Hoover** Dam

(7) One side in this war built the Great Redan and a Malakoff redoubt to defend the city of Sevastopol. This war's Battle of Balaclava included the heroism of the Thin Red Line and the disastrous Charge of the Light Brigade. Florence Nightingale served as a medic in, for ten points, what war fought between by an Anglo-French alliance over a Russian peninsula in the Black Sea?

ANSWER: **Crimean** War

BONUS: The Charge of the Light Brigade was an attempt to attack a formation of these weapons. The British captured a set of these weapons at Sevastopol, which were melted down for the steel used to make Victoria Cross medals.

ANSWER: **cannons** (accept **artillery** or equivalent)

(8) This work's authors first introduced their concept of historical materialism in this work. A "holy alliance" created to "exorcise this specter" is the focus of the first section of this work, which concludes by calling for the "workers of the world" to "unite!" For ten points, name this 1848 political pamphlet co-written by Friedrich Engels and Karl Marx.

ANSWER: The **Communist Manifesto**

BONUS: At the beginning of the 21st century, which communist country had the largest population of any country in the world?

ANSWER: **China**

Third Quarter

The categories are ...

1. European Leftist Politics
2. Charles V, Holy Roman Emperor
3. Political Upheaval Around the World

European Leftist Politics

Name the...

(1) Former largest socialist country in Europe, which collapsed into Russia and other countries.

ANSWER: **Soviet Union** (or **USSR** or **Union of Soviet Socialist Republics**; accept **CCCP** or **Soyuz Sovetskikh Sotsialisticheskikh Respublik**)

(2) Colorfully named political party that seeks environmental reform and peace?

ANSWER: **Green** parties

(3) Faction of communists in Russia that split from the Mensheviks in 1903.

ANSWER: **Bolsheviks**

(4) Left of center party in Britain whose prime ministers have included Tony Blair

ANSWER: **Labour**

(5) Alliance of socialist countries in eastern Europe that was formed to oppose NATO.

ANSWER: **Warsaw** Pact

(6) Scandinavian country that used revenues from its Statoil company to fund a generous welfare state.

ANSWER: **Norway**

Charles V, Holy Roman Emperor

Name the...

(1) Iberian kingdom where he ruled as "Carlos I," to the south of France.

ANSWER: Kingdom of **Spain**

(2) Dynasty that ruled the Holy Roman Empire for three centuries and included Charles V.

ANSWER: **Habsburg** Dynasty (or House of **Habsburg**)

(3) Religious movement that expressed discontent with the Catholic Church and began during his reign.

ANSWER: Protestant **Reformation**

(4) Landmark exploration project he supported by funding Ferdinand Magellan's 1519 voyage.

ANSWER: **circumnavigation** of the world (accept descriptions of **sailing around the world**)

(5) Type of religious institution where he lived for two years after abdicating the throne.

ANSWER: **monastery**

(6) Country whose king Francis I that he fought in the Italian Wars?

ANSWER: **France**

Political Upheaval Around the World

Which country was the site of the coup d'état of...

(1) Ioannis Metaxas, who restored order to the streets of Athens in 1936?

ANSWER: **Greece**

(2) A CIA-MI5 alliance that installed a pro-western Shah in Tehran?

ANSWER: **Iran**

(3) anti-Erdogan [**air-doh-wan**] protesters, who were fought by tanks in Istanbul in 2016?

ANSWER: **Turkey**

(4) 1945's Kyujo incident, in which officers wanted to stop this country from surrendering?

ANSWER: **Japan**

(5) Hafez al-Assad, who established a Ba'athist government in 1963 that is now led by his son, Bashar?

ANSWER: **Syria**

(6) Getulio Vargas, who started the Estado Novo dictatorship in the largest South American country?

ANSWER: **Brazil**

Fourth Quarter

(1) **A ruler of this city won the Battle of Kulikovo to free his people from the Tatars. Women helped build defenses to prevent Operation Typhoon, a (+) German invasion of this city, while a French offensive ended with the burning of this city after the Battle of (*) Borodino.** In 1812, a retreating Napoleon ordered the demolition of the Kremlin in, for ten points, what capital of Russia?

ANSWER: Moscow or Moskva

(2) **As a show of detente, this program worked with the Soyuz program in a 1975 docking mission. James Lovell commanded one phase of this program, which (+) suffered an explosion and aborted its landing mission. Seventeen numbered missions were part of, (*)** for ten points, what American space program that “won” the space race by landing Neil Armstrong on the Moon?

ANSWER: Apollo Program (accept Apollo 13 after “James Lovell” is read; accept Apollo 11 after “Neil Armstrong” is read; do not accept or prompt on other answers, such as the American space program)

(3) **A company in this industry printed the legendary T206 Honus Wagner baseball card. Starting on January 2, 1971, this industry was (+) banned from advertising on radio and television. In the 1980s, this industry lobbied against labeling laws that announce the presence of (*)** carbon monoxide or the potential risk of lung cancer. For ten points, name this industry whose ads now feature Surgeon General’s Warnings and once used ads featuring the Marlboro Man.

ANSWER: tobacco industry (accept descriptions of cigarettes, chewing tobacco, and other forms of tobacco; do not accept descriptions of electronic cigarettes)

(4) **Julius Caesar made note of the chariots used on this island during his 55 BC invasion. Gaius Suetonius won the Battle of Watling Street on this island to defeat a revolt of the (+) Iceni led by Boudicca. One structure on this island was built near Pictland as the northern border of the (*)** Roman Empire. For ten points, name this island, the site of Hadrian’s Wall and a Roman province with capital at Londinium, now known as London.

ANSWER: Britannia (or Britain or British Isles or Great Britain, but NOT England, which isn’t an island)

(5) **“Tonnage” Turner revitalized the effort to supply this city, the home of Tempelhof Airport. This city’s “ghost stations,” or abandoned train stops, appeared after (+) Erich Honecker built a structure with a “death strip” on one side. Gail Halvorsen dropped chocolate on this city during a 1948-49 (*)** airlift that skirted a Soviet blockade. For ten points, name this European city that was divided into West and East halves by a wall that fell in 1989.

ANSWER: Berlin

(6) **The song “Follow the Drinkin’ Gourd” is sometimes interpreted as directions used in this system. Code phrases in this system included (+) “the River Jordan,” which meant the Ohio River, and “the Promised Land,” which meant Canada, two destinations within this system. Numerous “conductors” like (*)** Harriet Tubman served as guides in, for ten points, what system that helped numerous escaped slaves journey to freedom in the USA?

ANSWER: Underground Railroad

(7) **This man's forces were betrayed on a journey to Messina by his hired Cilician pirates. A single man volunteered to lead an army to defeat this former murmillio. After this leader lost the Third (+) Servile War to forces led by Crassus, his followers were crucified along the Appian Way.** (*) For ten points, name this first century BC Greek soldier who led a failed slave revolt after escaping captivity as a Roman gladiator.

ANSWER: Spartacus

(8) **Edwin Lutyens designed a section of this city near the Lodhi Gardens that is home to hundreds of bungalows for public officials. This city's Raisina Hill is home to the Rashtrapati Bhavan mansion and estate, formerly known as the (+) Viceroy's House. In 1911, the British Raj moved its government to this city, a more central site than the original, eastern (*) Calcutta.** For ten points, name this city, home to the National Capital Territory of India.

ANSWER: (New) Delhi

Extra Question

Only read if you need a backup or tiebreaker!

(1) **Tintoretto painted a dark version of this scene with a table running diagonally across the canvas. In one version of this scene, the vanishing point was placed just above the main subject's head. That (+) fresco of this scene was protected by sandbags during World War II and shows twelve men seated on one side of a (*) dining table.** For ten points, name this common artistic scene, depicting a meal the night before Jesus Christ's crucifixion.

ANSWER: The Last Supper

BONUS: What term describes someone who vigorously supports their country and was used, in acronym form, to name a 2001 American law that allows roving wiretaps and other anti-terrorist measures?

ANSWER: Patriot (accept PATRIOT Act)