

Bowl Round 6

First Quarter

(1) This president signed the Wagner Act and supported the creation of the Securities and Exchange Commission. This creator of the National Recovery Administration gave a series of radio addresses to explain his policies known as the Fireside Chats. For ten points, name this President who implemented the New Deal.

ANSWER: Franklin Delano Roosevelt (Accept **FDR**; prompt on Roosevelt)

(2) The motto “Blood and Honor” was adopted by this group, which was led by Baldur von Schirach and Artur Axmann. Volkssturm commonly drafted members of this group, one unit of which assisted the Kriegsmarine. An organization similar to this one that was only open to women was the League of German Girls. For ten points, name this organization consisting of boys who assisted the Nazi effort.

ANSWER: Hitler Youth (accept **Hitlerjugend**)

(3) While covering an event in this location, a thrown rock nearly killed photographer Jeff Widener. This location’s Great Hall of the People contained a banquet hall that Richard Nixon visited during a 1972 visit. A man was shown standing in front of a tank in a photo taken during a 1989 protest in this location. For ten points, name this square in Beijing.

ANSWER: Tiananmen Square (prompt on Tiananmen; prompt on Beijing before mentioned)

(4) Edward Wilmot Blyden was a pioneering professor and diplomat of a country on this continent, where the True Whig Party dominated a country’s politics for a century. William Tubman and Joseph Jenkins Roberts served as presidents of a country on this continent, which has a capital named for the fifth American president. For ten points, name this continent where Liberia is located.

ANSWER: Africa

(5) This woman was the first First Lady of the USA to have graduated from Princeton. This author of the recently published book *Becoming* sought to promote healthy eating among Americans during her time in the White House which began in 2009. For ten points, name this first African-American US First Lady, Barack Obama’s wife.

ANSWER: Michelle Obama (prompt on Obama alone)

(6) A sign stating “Welcome to fabulous [this city]” was designed by Betty Willis. The Fountains of Bellagio are located in this city, as is a half scale Eiffel Tower and a two-thirds size Arc de Triomphe. In recent years, this city has lost business to competitors such as Macau. For ten points, name this US city nicknamed “Sin city” famous for the casinos located on its namesake Strip.

ANSWER: Las Vegas

(7) The ‘follow the water’ strategy is an attempt to find life on this place. The Viking Program sent two spacecraft to this place, while the Pathfinder Lander captured the rocky surface of this place. Two rovers, Curiosity and Opportunity are on the surface of this place. For ten points, name this planet, the subject of many exploration attempts, the 4th planet in the solar system

ANSWER: Mars

(8) John Punch was enslaved in this colony and was the first documented African slave in the English colonies. A rebellion in this colony against William Berkeley united African slaves and English servants under Nathaniel Bacon. For ten points, name this plantation-based colony where, in 1676, Jamestown was burned to the ground.

ANSWER: Virginia

(9) Sir Arthur Conan Doyle volunteered as a doctor in this war, in which Robert Baden Powell outlasted a 217-day siege at Mafeking. The all-women Fawcett Commission investigated the British use of concentration camps in this war, which was incited by Leander Starr Jameson's raid. For ten points, name this turn of the 20th-century war between Britain and Dutch Afrikaners.

ANSWER: Second Boer War

(10) In a novel from this country, everyone in the central town dies because of the title man's refusal to harvest his crops. Another novel from this country centers on the death of Ambrose Bierce in this country's civil war; that novel, by the author of The Death of Artemio Cruz, is The Old Gringo. For ten points, name this home country of Juan Rulfo and Carlos Fuentes.

ANSWER: Mexico

Second Quarter

(1) British trawlers were mistaken for torpedo boats and fired on in this war's Dogger Bank Incident, and 600,000 soldiers fought in Manchuria in this war's Battle of Mukden. After an invading fleet was decimated at Tsushima Strait, Teddy Roosevelt brokered the Treaty of Portsmouth to end, for ten points, what 1904-1905 war between two Asian empires?

ANSWER: Russo-Japanese War

BONUS: The Dogger Bank incident took place in which European sea, which is now on top of what was once the area known as Doggerland before rising sea levels flooded it thousands of years ago?

ANSWER: North Sea

(2) A king of this country initiated a succession crisis by riding his horse off a cliff during a storm. The death of Margaret, Maid of Norway exacerbated that crisis, which one of this country's neighbors attempted to resolve in favor of John Balliol. For ten points, name this country where the Battle of Bannockburn ended an English attack on Robert the Bruce.

ANSWER: Scotland

BONUS: Scotland signed the Auld Alliance with which longstanding enemy of England?

ANSWER: France

(3) A mounted archer aims at a group of naked women in the first painting by this artist accepted into the Paris Salon, Scene of War in the Middle Ages. This painter of the historical scene Young Spartans Exercising spent time in New Orleans with his brother Rene, leading to his painting of the city's cotton exchange. Rehearsal on Stage and Fin d'Arabesque are by, for ten points, what French impressionist who frequently depicted ballet dancers?

ANSWER: Edgar Degas

BONUS: The National Gallery houses one of Degas's first history paintings, which shows a group of this ruler's followers staring at him in awe. A mosaic in Pompeii's House of the Faun depicts this ruler in a victory.

ANSWER: **Alexander** the Great (accept **Alexander** III of Macedon)

(4) Marco Polo was allegedly captured following this city's defeat at Curzola, and this city was victorious in the War of Chioggia. The League of Cambrai opposed this city that was once led by Enrico Dandolo, the man who enticed the Fourth Crusade to attack Constantinople. This enemy of Genoa elected leaders known as doges. For ten points, name this Italian city that dominated the Adriatic Sea and is built around a series of canals.

ANSWER: Most Serene Republic of **Venice**

BONUS: The League of Cambrai was led by this "warrior pope" who hired Michelangelo to paint the Sistine Chapel.

ANSWER: **Julius II**

(5) Areas A, B, and C were created by this agreement's second section, which was signed in September 1995. This agreement established a National Authority, which had limited self-governance over the Gaza Strip and West Bank. The recognition of the PLO was the first step in, for ten points, what set of agreements between Palestinians and Israelis that was negotiated in, and named for, the Norwegian capital city?

ANSWER: **Oslo** Accords

BONUS: The Oslo Accords were negotiated by this Israeli Prime Minister, who was assassinated in 1995 by an extremist opposed to the Accords.

ANSWER: Yitzhak **Rabin** ([rah-BEEN], but be lenient)

(6) Explorer Thomas Anburey fought in this conflict and described the slaying of Jane McCrae. Tadeusz Kosciuszko [tad-oosh ko-shoo-sko] designed the Bemis Heights fortifications during this conflict for the Continental Army. Benedict Arnold and Horatio Gates defeated John Burgoyne at the battle of Saratoga during, for ten points, which conflict which ended with the Treaty of Paris?

ANSWER: American **Revolutionary War** (Accept **War of Independence**)

BONUS: Benedict Arnold later attempted to surrender this fort in New York to the British during his defection. It is now the site of the US Military Academy.

ANSWER: **West Point**

(7) This empire captured the city of Karansebes after the Austrian army attacked itself and killed over 1,000 soldiers. This empire faced the Celali Revolts, several uprisings of irregular musketeers and Janissaries during the 16th century. Following the Great Northern War, this empire offered refuge for Charles XII of Sweden. For ten points, name this empire that reached its peak under Suleiman the Magnificent.

ANSWER: **Ottoman** Empire

BONUS: In 1529, Suleiman laid siege to this European city, but ultimately failed. The Ottomans tried again in 1683, but were decisively defeated by the Hapsburgs and the Holy League.

ANSWER: Vienna

(8) This man was captured near Irwinville, legendarily while dressed in the clothing of his wife, Varina. This man served as Secretary of War under Franklin Pierce; later he issued General Order 14 allowing slaves into the army and appointed Robert E. Lee commander of the Army of Northern Virginia. For ten points, name this only President of the Confederate States of America.

ANSWER: Jefferson Davis

BONUS: This city in Virginia served as the capital of the Confederate States.

ANSWER: Richmond

Third Quarter

The categories are ... 1. Mikhail Gorbachev 2. Greco-Persian Wars 3. Han Dynasty

Mikhail Gorbachev

Name the...

(1) Nation that he led, serving as its eighth and last leader.

ANSWER: Soviet Union (Accept USSR)

(2) Party in which he served as General Secretary of from 1985 to 1991.

ANSWER: Communist Party of the Soviet Union (Accept CPSU)

(3) Nation he withdrew Soviet troops from in Central Asia

ANSWER: Afghanistan

(4) Policy meaning "openness" that he implemented in 1988

ANSWER: Glasnost

(5) Economic restructuring policy which he implemented in 1986

ANSWER: Perestroika

(6) Leader who he succeeded. That leader died after just thirteen months in office

ANSWER: Konstantin Chernenko

(7) City in Switzerland where Gorbachev met Ronald Reagan for the first time.

ANSWER: Geneva

(8) US magazine that named him man of the decade for the 1980's

ANSWER: Time

Greco-Persian Wars

Name the...

(1) Battle, whose name means “Hot gates,” where a Persian force slaughtered 300 troops in a mountain pass.

ANSWER: Battle of **Thermopylae**

(2) Greek city-state, a rival of Athens, that sent those 300 troops under King Leonidas.

ANSWER: **Sparta**

(3) Greek victory during the first Persian invasion, after which Pheidippides legendarily ran over 25 miles to Athens.

ANSWER: Battle of **Marathon**

(4) Sea between Greece and Turkey that was fought over during the wars.

ANSWER: Aegean **Sea**

(5) Pivotal naval battle of the second Persian invasion that took place in a narrow strait outside Athens.

ANSWER: Battle of **Salamis**

(6) Persian king, the son of Darius, who watched that naval battle from a throne on a cliff.

ANSWER: **Xerxes** the Great (or **Xerxes I**)

(7) Statesman who advocated improving the Athenian navy before the invasion and was ostracized in 472 BC.

ANSWER: **Themistocles**

(8) Uprising among Greek cities on the coast of Anatolia that Athens supported, provoking the first Persian invasion

ANSWER: **Ionian** Revolt

Han Dynasty

Name the...

- (1) Country it led in the 2nd century AD, and whose primary ethnic group take their name from the dynasty

ANSWER: **China**

- (2) Product made from worm cocoons that was a jealously guarded state secret under the Han.

ANSWER: **silk**

- (3) European empire it traded with that dominated Western Europe during the Han Dynasty.

ANSWER: **Roman**

- (4) Staple grain crop, of which followers of Zhang Daoling had to give 5 pecks to join a movement.

ANSWER: (Five Pecks of) **Rice** movement

- (5) Dynasty that immediately preceded the Han.

ANSWER: **Qin** [chin] Dynasty (do not accept Qing)

- (6) Rebellion led by the Taoist Zhang brothers, who required followers to wear a namesake headgear.

ANSWER: **Yellow Turban** Rebellion

- (7) Southeast Asian country defended by the Trung sisters who led a resistance against Han invasion.

ANSWER: **Vietnam**

- (8) Founder of the Han Dynasty.

ANSWER: **Liu Bang** (accept Han **Gaozu**)

Fourth Quarter

- (1) **A distinction between higher and lower pleasures was put forward by a supporter of this theory, (+) John Stuart Mill. Mid 20th century developments divided this school of philosophy into 'act' and 'rule' kinds of it. (*)** Jeremy Bentham founded, for ten points, what philosophical school of thought which states that the best action is one that maximizes the well-being of the greatest number possible.

ANSWER: **Utilitarianism**

- (2) **This building is speculated to hold the tomb of Enrico Dandolo, though the actual burial site was destroyed in an (+) Ottoman attack. Theodosius II established a church at the site of this building, which was restored after the Nika Riots. (*)** For ten points, name this Istanbul church commissioned by Justinian that was later transformed into a mosque.

ANSWER: **Hagia Sophia**

- (3) **This country's La Linea corruption scandal led to the election of a former TV comedian. This country committed genocide against the Ixil people under its president Efraim Rios Montt, and this country's northern (+) Mayan regions were hard hit by its lengthy 20th century civil war. (*)** For ten points, name this home country of Jacobo Arbenz, a Central American country.

ANSWER: **Guatemala**

- (4) **The eventual winners of this battle initially lost at Beauport. During this battle, William Howe led forces up a cliff to surround a city on the (+) St. Lawrence River. At this battle, the Marquis de Montcalm and general (*) James Wolfe were both killed.** For ten points, name this 1759 battle of the French and Indian War that caused the French to evacuate what is now a provincial capital city.

ANSWER: Battle of **Quebec** (or Battle of the **Plains of Abraham**)

- (5) **One hypothesis blames this event on an electric shock strong enough to puncture fabric. This event, which occurred near the mooring station at the (+) Naval Air Station in Lakehurst, New Jersey, was caused by the use of hydrogen gas. (*) Herbert Morrison cried “oh, the humanity!” while reporting on, for ten points, what 1937 disaster in which an airship caught fire?**

ANSWER: **Hindenburg** disaster

- (6) **This event included an Action Programme that emphasized freedom of speech against outdated Communist policies. “Socialism with a (+) human face” was promoted during this period by (*) Alexander Dubcek [doob-check]. A Soviet invasion ended, for ten points, what period of reform in 1968 in Czechoslovakia, named for its capital?**

ANSWER: **Prague Spring**

- (7) **This figure’s birthday is celebrated as “Vesak” in some countries. This person gave his first sermon at Sarnath, or the Deer Park, and had a major epiphany at (+) Bodhgaya. This person was supposedly born a prince and renounced his position when he encountered (*) disease, aging, and death.** For ten points, name this person who founded a world religion by teaching the Eightfold Path and the Four Noble Truths.

ANSWER: the **Buddha** (or **Siddharta Gautama**; accept either name)

- (8) **This US state is where the first nuclear chain reaction took place under a squash court at a prestigious university. J.B. Pritzker, an heir to the Hyatt hotel fortune recently (+) won this state’s governorship and this state was represented in the senate by (*) Barack Obama before he became president.** For ten points, name this most populous Midwestern US state.

ANSWER: **Illinois**

Extra Question - Only read if you need a backup or tiebreaker!

- (1) **Eduard Shevardnadze was ousted by Mikhail Saakashvili in a Georgian revolution named for these objects. An anti-Nazi resistance movement centered in the (+) University of Munich was named for the White type of these objects. The marriage of Elizabeth Woodville helped heighten a (*) war named for these objects, causing the Duke of Warwick to change sides.** For ten points, name these flowers, the symbol of the houses of York and Lancaster.

ANSWER: **roses** (accept Operation **Rose**; accept **Rose** Revolution or Revolution of **Roses** after “Eduard” is read; accept White **Rose** after “anti-Nazi” is read; accept War of the **Roses** after “Elizabeth” is read; prompt on flowers)

BONUS: What Bronze Age civilization used the Linear A writing script?

ANSWER: **Minoans**