Bowl Round 8

First Quarter

(1) This country planned to nationalize Glitnir, one of three banks that ultimately defaulted in 2008. During that financial crisis, the IMF gave this country a 5 billion dollar bailout to stabilize the krona. For ten points, name this European country where mass protests took place outside the Althing in Reykjavik [rek-ya-vik].

ANSWER: Iceland

(2) This event enraged one leader to the point of wanting to "splinter [its organizer] into a thousand pieces and scatter it into the winds;" seven months later, Allen Dulles was ultimately forced to resign. This event was carried out by the Brigade 2506 and prompted one side to formally ally with the Soviet Union. For ten points, name this 1961 event in which the CIA attempted to overthrow Fidel Castro by landing armed troops at a namesake bay.

ANSWER: **Bay of Pigs** invasion (accept **Playa Giron** invasion)

(3) After this man's travels were abruptly ended by World War I, he returned to composing and produced The Wooden Prince. This man included the movement "the Fatherland is in danger" and multiple refrains of "God save Franz the Kaiser" in a work about an Austrian invasion, Kossuth. He was asked by Miklos Horthy to remove the name of Bela Balazs from his most famous work, which is about the namesake duke's fourth wife, Judith. For ten points, name this Hungarian composer of Duke Bluebeard's Castle.

ANSWER: Bela Bartok

(4) In one work by this man, a winning army's diplomats state that "the strong do what they can and the weak suffer what they must." This man's most famous work includes the Melian Dialogue and recounts how the Delian League was led into war against Sparta. Pericles' Funeral Oration was recorded by, for ten points, what ancient Greek historian and author of a History of the Peloponnesian War?

ANSWER: Thucydides

(5) In 1817, Thomas Gallaudet founded a school which standardized these languages in the USA in Hartford, Connecticut. A language of this type spontaneously arose in a school in Nicaragua in the early 1980s, and a language of this type arose in Martha's Vineyard due to a hereditary disorder prevalent on the island. For ten points, name this type of language which uses manual and other visible body movements rather than through speech, primarily used by deaf people.

ANSWER: Sign Languages

(6) Joseph Warren was killed during this battle. The order "Don't fire until you see the whites of their eyes" was apocryphally given during this battle. Warships under Admiral Graves provided artillery support for attacking forces under Robert Pigot and William Howe during this battle, while Israel Putnam and William Prescott commanded the defending forces during this battle. For ten points, name this early Revolutionary War battle fought outside Boston.

ANSWER: Battle of Bunker Hill

(7) During World War II, this state's leader allegedly kept a jar of eyeballs on his desk. This state, whose flag featured a grenade against a white and red checker background, was led by a dictator with the title of Poglavnik, a translation of Fuhrer into this state's Slavic language; that leader, Ante Pavelic, was the leader of the Ustashe party, which murdered an estimated half million Orthodox Christian Serbs. For ten points, name this Yugoslav republic with capital Zagreb.

ANSWER: Croatia

(8) A battle at this location resulted in the deaths of William Miller and Harold Stites and included a mortar attack ordered by James Johnston. Three residents of this location stole 50 raincoats to make an impromptu raft with the goal of reaching nearby Angel Island. Robert Stroud was labeled the "Birdman" of this location, where Al Capone was stabbed while incarcerated. For ten points, name this "inescapable" prison located in San Francisco Bay.

ANSWER: Alcatraz Federal Penitentiary

(9) The only American fatality during this battle was Francis Randall, who died of heatstroke. The Sangley point battery was destroyed during this battle and the Ulloa was sunk. Admiral Montojo was defeated during this battle, while the winning commander issued the order "You may fire when ready" from his flagship the USS Olympia. For the point, name this first major battle of the Spanish-American war won by Commodore Dewey near the capital of the Philippines.

ANSWER: Battle of Manila Bay

(10) This ruler established a detention camp for political opponents on Quiriquina Island. This leader's rise to power was assisted by propaganda run by the newspapers La Tercera and El Murcurio. A deputy of this leader, Manuel Contreras, was sentenced to extensive prison time for using the DINA secret police to assassinate dissident Orlando Letellier. This man orchestrated a coup that deposed Salvador Allende in 1973. For ten points, name this right-wing dictator of Chile.

ANSWER: Augusto **Pinochet**

Second Quarter

(1) The army of this leader used armor that was resistant to the "tachi" blade, which caused samurai to redesign Japanese swords. This leader's army used "thunder crash bombs" to fight samurai. This leader fought the Kamakura Shogunate after five of his ambassadors were killed by Hojo Tokimune. This leader's army was destroyed at Hakata Bay twice because of two kamikaze winds. For 10 points, name this emperor of China, the grandson of Genghis.

ANSWER: Kublai Khan (prompt on "Khan")

BONUS: This famous Venetian traveler met Kublai Khan and wrote a book titled Travels of "this man".

ANSWER: Marco Polo

(2) In a movie set during this war, a man authorizes a pig farm as a site for his experiments to resurrect the extinct aurochs. Jessica Chastain portrayed Antonina in a 2017 movie set during this war, The Zookeeper's Wife. In another movie set during this war, Liam Neeson played a businessman who establishes an enamel factory in Krakow and who saves 850 people by transporting them to his new munitions factory. For ten points, name this setting of Schindler's List.

ANSWER: World War II

BONUS: Schindler's list was produced by this American filmmaker who also produced historical films such as Saving Private Ryan and Bridge of Spies.

ANSWER: Steven Spielberg

(3) In this country, the Huks were a Communist guerrilla group that Edward Lansdale was tasked with putting down. The Moro Islamic Liberation Front also fought this country's government. In 1983, a president of this country had an opposition leader assassinated at an airport and was married to a woman famous for her large collection of shoes. Ferdinand Marcos led, for ten points, what Asian country home to the islands of Luzon and Mindanao?

ANSWER: the **Philippines** (accept Republika ng **Pilipinas**)

BONUS: In 2012, this President of the Philippines reached a peace deal with the Moro Islamic Liberation Front. This politician, the son of the aforementioned assassinated leader, was succeeded by Rodrigo Duterte in 2016.

ANSWER: Benigno Aquino III

(4) The Battle of Dessau Bridge took place in this war, which Denmark withdrew from via the Treaty of Lubeck. This war's first major battle ended with a victory for Count Tilly at White Mountain. Axel Oxenstierna guided Sweden through this war after the Battle of Lutzen, where Gustavus Adolphus was slain. The Peace of Westphalia ended, for ten points, what 17th century war between Catholics and Protestants?

ANSWER: Thirty Years War

BONUS: This Bohemian nobleman lost the Battle of Lutzen and was assassinated two years later by political rivals upset that he was seeking peace with Sweden.

ANSWER: Albrecht von Wallenstein (accept von Waldstein)

(5) This artist used a birds-eye view to show a road winding through a Massachusetts town in bright moonlight in his depiction of The Midnight Ride of Paul Revere. Three elderly women stand in front of a reproduction of Washington Crossing the Delaware in his painting Daughters of Revolution. This artist used his sister and his dentist as models in his painting in which a man holds a pitchfork in his right hand. For ten points, name this artist of American Gothic.

ANSWER: Grant Wood

BONUS: American Gothic was inspired by a farmhouse in Eldon in this U.S. state, where Grant Wood was born and raised.

ANSWER: Iowa

(6) Keith Park and Hugh Dowding were key commanders for the defending side in this battle. A speech delivered during this battle declared that "Never in the field of human conflict was so much owed by so many to so few." This battle prevented Operation Sea Lion from being carried out. Hurricanes and Spitfires were the most useful weapons for the R.A.F. in, for ten points, what 1940 aerial battle in which Germany's Luftwaffe was defeated by the namesake country?

ANSWER: Battle of **Britain** (prompt on the Blitz)

BONUS: A later bombing offensive against England, Operation Steinbock, is often given this name to distinguish it from the earlier Blitz.

ANSWER: Baby Blitz (Accept Little Blitz)

(7) Inhabitants of this location participated in a contest to collect the first egg of the sooty tern as part of the Birdman cult, a motif that was also found in the glyphs of this location's rongorongo writing system. According to Jared Diamond's book Collapse, the loss of native forests in this location may have led to the downfall of the native Rapa Nui. For ten points, name this Chilean island where hundreds of moai, or large, stone-cut statues of heads, can be found.

ANSWER: Easter Island

BONUS: The nearest inhabited islands to Easter Island are the Juan Fernandez Islands, themselves over 400 miles from Chile. In 1704, this Scottish privateer was marooned on one of the Juan Fernandez Islands, inspiring the story of Robinson Crusoe.

ANSWER: Alexander Selkirk

(8) Filipino pirates called Manilamen may have helped the winning side of this battle. This battle's losing side tried to use bags of sugarcane to fill up a canal, but they failed to cross the canal because they forgot to bring ladders. This famous battle should have never occurred because a peace treaty was signed weeks prior. A pardon was granted to the Baratarian pirate Jean Lafitte after, for 10 points, what 1815 battle won by Andrew Jackson?

ANSWER: Battle of New Orleans

BONUS: The Battle of New Orleans should have never been fought because this treaty was signed weeks prior to end the War of 1812.

ANSWER: Treaty of Ghent

Third Quarter

The categories are ...

- 1. Famous Ships
- 2. The Gallic Wars
- 3. African Cities

Famous Ships

Name the...

(1) Cruise liner which sank after hitting an iceberg in 1912 and names an Oscar winning film.

ANSWER: Titanic

(2) Explorer who sailed to the New World in 1492 with the Nina, Pinta and Santa Maria.

ANSWER: Christopher Columbus

(3) Famous biologist who rode aboard the Beagle and wrote On the Origin of Species.

ANSWER: Charles Darwin

(4) Explorer who commanded the Endeavour in three pacific voyages and conducted the first recorded circumnavigation of New Zealand

ANSWER: James Cook

(5) Name shared by an aircraft carrier nicknamed the Big E and the world's first nuclear powered carrier

ANSWER: Enterprise

(6) Flagship of John Paul Jones and named after Poor Richard's Almanac

ANSWER: Bonhomme Richard

(7) Sister ship of Bismarck sunk by Allied airstrikes in Norway

ANSWER: Tirpitz

(8) British warship nicknames the Grand Old Lady, a Queen Elizabeth-class ship which recorded one of the longest-range hits in naval history at the Battle of Calabria

ANSWER: HMS Warspite

The Gallic Wars

Considering the first century BC wars in Gaul, name the...

(1) Modern-day country south of Belgium that was the site of the wars.

ANSWER: France

(2) River that marked the border of Gaul, and later, the Roman Empire.

ANSWER: Rhine River

(3) Mountain range that separated Gaul into Cis and Trans provinces before its conquest.

ANSWER: Alps (accept Cisalpine and/or Transalpine Gaul)

(4) Roman general who recorded his conquest of Gaul in Commentaries.

ANSWER: Gaius Julius Caesar (prompt on Caesar)

(5) Arverni general who led a major uprising against Roman rule, marked by a victory at the Battle of Gergovia.

ANSWER: Vercingetorix

(6) City surrounded by two walls by the Romans in 52 BC, marking one end of the Gallic resistance.

ANSWER: Alesia

(7) Roman legion that was "mounted" by its commander during the war.

ANSWER: **Tenth** Legion (or **Legio X** Equestris)

(8) Conference that continued the Gallic Wars and gave Crassus command in Syria.

ANSWER: Lucca Conference

African Cities

Name the city where...

(1) Nelson Mandela's memorial service was held, the most populous city in South Africa.

ANSWER: Johannesburg

(2) The University of Sankore was built, an ancient city with a reputation of being very hard to find.

ANSWER: Timbuktu

(3) A 1943 Allied conference was held and a classic 1942 film was set.

ANSWER: Casablanca

(4) The USS Philadelphia was burned in 1803.

ANSWER: Tripoli

(5) The US embassy in Kenya was bombed in 1998.

ANSWER: Nairobi

(6) A US embassy was bombed at the same time as the Kenya attack, even though it was replaced as capital by Dodoma.

ANSWER: Dar es Salaam

(7) Riots in 1948 led to the arrest of Kwame Nkrumah and the "Big Six," sparking an independence movement.

ANSWER: Accra

(8) Muammar Gaddafi was born in 1942 and killed in 2011.

ANSWER: Sirte

Fourth Quarter

(1) One king of this name prohibited his wife from attending his own coronation, then introduced the Pains and Penalties Bill to annul his marriage to Caroline of Brunswick. While serving kings of this name, (+) Spencer Perceval was assassinated and Robert Walpole became Britain's de facto first Prime Minister. (*) Porphyria [por-feer-ee-uh] was blamed for the mental illness of a king of this name. For ten points, give this British royal name whose third holder received the Olive Branch Petition from the American colonists.

ANSWER: <u>George</u> (accept <u>George</u> IV throughout; accept <u>George</u> III starting at "Spencer;" accept <u>George</u> I or II starting at "Robert")

[2] John Bly was hanged for looting during this event, but most of its participants were pardoned or given amnesty. Militiamen refused to fight for governor James (+) Bowdoin as he attempted to disperse protests in front of courts in Northampton and Worcester. The (*) federal government failed to pay for an army to end this event, a rebel seizure of the Springfield Armory. For ten points, name this 1787 rebellion of disgruntled farmers in Massachusetts that highlighted the weakness of the Articles of Confederation.

ANSWER: Shays' Rebellion (or Uprising, etc.; do not accept or prompt on "Shay" alone)

This mathematician proved that every Riemannian manifold can be embedded into some Euclidean space. This man, who once gave a presentation to the American Mathematical Society in which he claimed to have solved the Riemann hypothesis, was (+) killed with his wife in a taxi accident after receiving the Abel prize in 2015. The 1994 Nobel for Economics was awarded to this man for his work in (*) game theory, specifically the introduction of his namesake equilibrium. For ten points, name this mathematician whose struggle with schizophrenia was portrayed in the film A Beautiful Mind.

ANSWER: John Forbes Nash

(4) A precolonial state based in this modern country was founded by Usman dan Fodio. Another precolonial state in this country was ruled by kings called obas and was famed for its bronze work. This country's (+) Sokoto caliphate was founded by its Fulani people, and before colonization, this country's (*) Yoruba and Ibo people largely lived in decentralized confederations. For ten points, name this country where the port of Lagos was a center of the slave trade.

ANSWER: Nigeria

(5) This man offered the Frankfurt proposals to Napoleon, which were rejected, and negotiated the marriage of Napoleon to Marie Louise. This man was ousted in the (+) March Revolution of 1848 and he was referenced by Marx and Engels, along with François Guizot, at the start of the Communist manifesto. He hosted the (*) Congress of Vienna, which ushered in an era of conservative rule in Europe, sometimes named after him. For 10 points, name this longtime Austrian foreign minister.

ANSWER: Klemens von Metternich

(6) A poem about this man references how "In the nightmare of the dark / All the dogs of Europe bark." After claiming that a certain author's work "stirred [his] (+) blood," this man used the line "They seek not for hidden treasures, they know not how to cast nets" in his introduction to Tagore's Gitanjali. This man, who "disappeared in the dead of winter" but died on a (*) "dark cold day" in a W.H. Auden eulogy, declared "A terrible beauty is born" at the end of a poem about a failed uprising against the British. For ten points, name this Irish poet of "Easter, 1916."

ANSWER: William Butler Yeats

(7) This speech uses an analogy in which the speaker Kossior suddenly stopped appearing on Radio Kiev to warn against hastily removing (+) names from monuments. This speech, which was ordered to be read to all Konsomol meetings, marked the beginning of its author's namesake political "thaw." The (*) Cult of Personality and its Consequences" was the official title of, for ten points, what 1956 speech by Nikita Khrushchev that denounced Stalin?

ANSWER: Nikita Khrushchev's <u>Secret</u> Speech (accept On the <u>Cult of Personality and its Consequences</u> before mentioned)

(8) The Nine Saints spread Christianity throughout this nation, which houses the Garima Gospels, an illuminated ancient manuscript. This country's city of (+) Lalibela is home to eleven churches carved from rock. In this country, King Ezana was baptized by Frumentius, who converted people in its kingdom of (*) Aksum. The Solomonic dynasty, which claimed descent from the biblical Queen of Sheba, used to rule this nation. For ten points, name this African nation with capital at Addis Ababa.

ANSWER: Ethiopia

Extra Question

Only read if you need a backup or tiebreaker!

(1) The 1859 Pig War in Oregon began when a pig illegally ate this foodstuff and was shot. Antoine Parmentier's advocacy for this foodstuff included a scheme in which he posted guards around his farm, then told the guards to accept bribes from peasants wanting to take some. In 1992, (+) Dan Quayle was mocked for his failure to spell this word. An Gorta Mor is the native name for a (*) disaster in which a Phytophthora infestans blight struck this food. For ten points, name this staple crop whose failure in the 1840s killed a million people in Ireland.

ANSWER: potatoes

BONUS: The slave trader Tippu Tip worked for sultans of what island and died in its city of Stone Town?

ANSWER: Zanzibar