

# Bee Round 4 - Middle School

## Regulation Questions

(1) The Council of Troyes formally endorsed this organization, whose headquarters were at the captured Al-Aqsa Mosque on Temple Mount. The last head of this organization, Jacques de Molay, was executed by Philip IV of France at the behest of Pope Clement V. Members of this organization displayed a red cross while protecting pilgrims. For the point, name this wealthy holy order that fought in the Crusades alongside the Hospitallers.

ANSWER: Knights **Templars** (accept the **Order of Solomon's Temple**; accept **Poor Fellow-Soldiers of Christ and of the Temple of Solomon**)

(2) This event led to increased interest and funding in the Corona program, as well as the collapse of the Four Power Paris Summit. The existence of photographs of Cheylabinsk-65, a plutonium processing plant, doomed the subject of this event to a hard labor sentence for espionage. For the point, name this international crisis during the Cold War when Gary Powers, an American spy pilot, was shot down in Soviet airspace.

ANSWER: 1960 **U-2** crisis (accept descriptions of Gary **Powers** being **shot down** before "Gary Powers" is said; prompt on other descriptive answers)

(3) It is unknown whether Themistocles served as a strategos at this battle or simply fought in it; in the aftermath of this battle, Themistocles advocated the revamping of the Athenian fleet to protect against an invasion that came ten years later. Miltiades led the Athenians at, for the point, what victory over the Persians that ended Darius' invasion of Greece in 490 BC?

ANSWER: Battle of **Marathon**

(4) These people took the Ark of the Covenant following their victory at the aforementioned Battle at Ebenezer. These people worshiped at the Temple of Dagon, which was toppled by a man who lost his sight and strength due to the guile of a woman of this ethnicity. Goliath and Delilah were members of, for the point, what ethnic group often in conflict with the Israelites of the Old Testament?

ANSWER: **Philistines**

(5) The loss of the Tourelles complex forced one army to withdraw from this city, where the Earl of Salisbury was slain. The destruction of bridges across the Loire [LWAH] delayed the capture of this city, which was relieved by a peasant woman who had visions of the Archangel Michael instructing her to protect France. For the point, name this city that was saved by the arrival of Joan of Arc in the Hundred Years War.

ANSWER: **Orleans**

(6) This organization's precursors included the Worker's Defense Committee, which took part in 1976 riots in the city of Radom, and an Interfactory Strike Committee. A Charter of Workers' Rights was published by this organization, which engaged in the Round Table talks with the Jaruzelski [yuh-roo-ZEL-ski] government. Lech Walesa [vuh-WEN-suh] led, for the point, what labor union that was instrumental in ending Communist rule of Poland?

ANSWER: Independent Self-governing Trade Union **Solidarity** (or **Solidarnosc**)

(7) Spain was the lone member of the "Big Eight" to not agree to the result of this event. The Holy Alliance was created by Tsar Alexander I to preserve the effects of this event, whose Final Act created borders that stayed largely the same for 40 years. Talleyrand was able to negotiate a strong place for France at this event, which was dominated by Klemens von Metternich. For the point, name this event that shaped Europe after the fall of Napoleon.

ANSWER: **Congress of Vienna**

(8) During this war, the *Cochrane* and the *Blanco Encalada* defeated the ironclad *Huascar* in the Battle of Angamos. One nation lost Tarapaca and allowed the victor of this war to occupy Tacna and Arica, while another gave up the province of Antofagasta and its access to the sea. Control of saltpeter mines in the Atacama Desert was the impetus of, for the point, what 1879-1883 war in which Chile defeated Peru and Bolivia, named after a nearby ocean?

ANSWER: War of the **Pacific** (or Guerra del **Pacifico**)

(9) A royal garden in this country was depicted in the nocturne "In The Generalife." This country was depicted in the *Concierto de Aranjuez* [ahr-ahn-HWETH] of Joaquin [hwa-KEEN] Rodrigo. Manuel de Falla was from, for the point, what birthplace of the classical guitar, where the Moors built the Alhambra before the Reconquista?

ANSWER: **Spain**

(10) A set of 22 Corinthian-style columns from this building was moved to the National Arboretum after this structure's cast-iron dome was finished in 1866. William Thornton designed this building, whose interior includes Constantino Brumidi's *The Apotheosis of George Washington* in a large Rotunda. For the point, name this U.S. government building that houses both the Senate and the House.

ANSWER: U.S. **Capitol** building

(11) This type of military unit became less prominent after a high rate of casualties suffered during Operation Mercury, an attack on Crete. During the Normandy invasion, "Rommel's asparagus" was used to hinder these troops, who served as pathfinders. Otto Skorzeny executed the Gran Sasso raid to rescue Benito Mussolini using these units, known as "fallschirmjagers" [fall-shirm-yea-gers]. For the point, name these infantry units, including the 101st "Screaming Eagles," who jumped during D-Day.

ANSWER: **paratroopers**

(12) This European country harassed enemy colonies in a policy whose name translates as the "Grand Design." The Amboyna Massacre was perpetrated by an organization based in this country whose emblem was the initials VOC. This country established the colony of Batavia, which later gained independence as part of Indonesia. For the point, name this home country of the first East India Company.

ANSWER: the **Netherlands** (or **Holland**; accept the **Dutch** East India Company)

(13) This ruler allegedly ordered James Tyrell to murder Edward V and Richard of Shrewsbury, the "princes in the tower." In 2012, the body of this king was found under a Leicester parking space marked with an "R." The betrayal of the Stanley family led to this king's defeat to Henry VII at the Battle of Bosworth Field, marking the beginning of the Tudor dynasty. For the point, name this final king of the house of York.

ANSWER: **Richard III**

(14) The Admiral Clarey Bridge was built in a harbor of this island, providing easy connection to Ford Island. Diamond Head overlooks this island's largest city. This island is home to a memorial built over the sunken hull of the USS *Arizona*, which was lost during a surprise attack on December 7, 1941. For the point, name this most populous Hawaiian island, home to Pearl Harbor and Honolulu.

ANSWER: **Oahu**

(15) Counteracting these events often requires large quantities of Corexit. In 2015, a company settled for more than \$18 billion for their negligence in causing this type of event. One of these events took place in Prince William Sound in 1989 after the *Exxon Valdez* ran aground. The explosion on the BP rig *Deepwater Horizon* caused, for the point, what type of ecological disaster?

ANSWER: **oil spill** (accept **Exxon Valdez** oil spill before read; accept **Deepwater Horizon** oil spill after "2015" is read and before "Deepwater Horizon" is read)

(16) This man noted that "The cavalries charged/the Indians died" in a work that lists American military actions and notes "you don't count the dead when God's on your side." This singer rhetorically asked "How many roads must a man walk down?" in "Blowin' in the Wind," and advised people to "admit that the waters around you have grown" in "The Times They Are A-Changin'." For the point, name this American protest singer and 2016 Nobel Laureate.

ANSWER: Bob **Dylan** (or Robert **Zimmerman**)

(17) This organization initiated the stay-behind Operation Gladio to prepare for an armed resistance. This organization's mutual defense principle, Article 5, has only been invoked once, immediately following the 9/11 attacks. The Able Archer exercise nearly caused a war between the Warsaw Pact and, for the point, what alliance, founded in 1949 to fight communism in Western Europe, that includes the U.S.?

ANSWER: **NATO** (or the **North Atlantic Treaty Organization**)

(18) This event was supposedly triggered by a picture with the caption “love is stronger than hate” written above a man kissing the Prophet Muhammad. The week after this event, the target responded with the words “all is forgiven” written above a cartoon of Muhammad holding a sign declaring “Je suis Charlie.” [zhe swee shar-lee] For the point, name this January 2015 attack on a French satirical magazine.

ANSWER: **Charlie Hebdo** massacre (or equivalents)

(19) This man's employees filmed a famous demonstration involving an animal that had killed Jesse Blount. That animal, named Topsy, was an elephant whose death was used by this man to show the dangers of a technology advocated by George Westinghouse. For the point, name this opponent of alternating current, an American inventor sometimes known as “The Wizard of Menlo Park” for inventing the movie camera and light bulb.

ANSWER: Thomas Alva **Edison**

(20) The Count's Feud spread this movement in Denmark. Members of this movement condemned the execution of Michael Servetus. A leader of this movement wrote the Institute in Basel and passed the *Ecclesiastical Ordinances* of 1541 to make the city of Geneva a center of this movement. John Calvin was a member of, for the point, what movement that rejected the Catholic Church in Renaissance Europe?

ANSWER: Protestant **Reformation** (accept anything related to the spread of **Protestantism** in Europe)

(21) This country experienced the “mist hardships” after the eruption of the Laki fissure. Thingvellir was the site of this country's legislative assembly, the Althing, for over a millennia. This country's Prime Minister, Sigmundur David, resigned in 2016 after it was discovered that he had set up a company in the Virgin Islands to avoid tax payments. For the point, name this European island country with capital Reykjavik.

ANSWER: **Iceland**

(22) The founder of this kingdom lost control of Cyprus after a defeat to Antigonid Macedonia. It defeated its rival, the Seleucid Empire, at the Battle of Raphia for control of Syria. Its last ruler went on a luxury cruise with Julius Caesar and committed suicide after the death of her lover, Mark Antony. For the point, name this Diadochi kingdom ruled by the Ptolemaic dynasty, which ended with the death of Cleopatra.

ANSWER: **Egypt** (accept the **Ptolemaic** Kingdom until mentioned)

(23) The Lapita people of the Solomon Islands are one of the earliest known cultures to work in this medium, using anthropomorphic geometric designs. Delft was a center of manufacture for works in this medium, particularly ones with intricate blue designs on a white tin-glaze background. Greek works in this medium were decorated with either red or black figures. For the point, name this process of decorating and firing clay to create vessels.

ANSWER: **pottery** or **ceramics** (accept clear equivalents)

(24) On one voyage, this ship was forced to abandon the leaking *Speedwell*. Passengers aboard this ship included the captain Christopher Jones, military adviser Myles Standish, and future governor William Bradford. For the point, name this ship that landed at Plymouth Rock, carrying the first pilgrims to the New World in 1620.

ANSWER: Mayflower

(25) A major and rare success for one country in this war was the Brusilov Offensive, which targeted Galicia. That country suffered two disastrous defeats during this war at the First Battle of the Masurian Lakes and Tannenberg. One power withdrew from this war at the Treaty of Brest-Litovsk. For the point, name this war from which Russia withdrew after being taken over by the Bolsheviks, during which it fought with Britain and France against Imperial Germany.

ANSWER: World War I (accept the Great War)

### Extra Question

Only read if moderator botches a question.

(1) Igor I ruled this state for three decades. Vladimir the Great Christianized this state, which moved its capital from Novgorod under Oleg, its first Grand Prince. The Mongols defeated this Rurikid-led state in the 13th century. For the point, name this Slavic state that controlled land in modern Russia and which is named in part for their capital city in modern Ukraine.

ANSWER: Kievan Rus