

2015 IHBB Championships: MS History Bee

Round 4

1. Attempts to reverse this event included the Second Council of Lyon and the Council of Florence-Ferrara. In this event, issues like the *filioque* phrase in the Nicene Creed led Michael Cerularius and Pope Leo IX to mutually excommunicate each other. For the point, name this event which split Christianity into Roman Catholic and Eastern Orthodox branches.

ANSWER: **Great Schism** [Prompt on "**Schism**;" do not accept "Western Schism"] <JB> {II}

2. This man was president when banlieue riots erupted after the deaths of two Algerian teenagers in a power station. This man, the prime minister in the "cohabitation" government with Francois Mitterrand, went to a runoff with the National Front's Jean-Marie Le Pen to win re-election in 2002. For the point, name this center-right President of France from 1997 to 2007, denounced by American Republicans for opposing the Iraq war.

ANSWER: Jacques Rene **Chirac**

3. This sea is the source of "salt storms" which have affected food crops in Karakalpakstan and made non-cotton industries unviable. After water that replenished this sea was diverted into the Karakum Canal for irrigation, the Amu Darya river was unable to maintain its water level. For the point, name this sea which once straddled the border of Kazakhstan and Uzbekistan and has effectively disappeared.

ANSWER: **Aral** Sea

4. This event's Four Pests Campaign included the disastrous Sparrow Killing Campaign, which led to flourishing insect populations. Juvenile pigs were placed together for breeding and the rural peasantry was taught to make unusable steel in backyard furnaces during this disastrous initiative. For the point, name this 1950s push to immediately modernize China, which triggered widespread famine.

ANSWER: **Great Leap Forward** [or **Four Pests** Campaign until it is read]

5. Denominational differences between members of this minority caused New York's Orange Riots in 1870 and 1871. A popular historical misconception is that members of this non-black minority were also owned as slaves because many of them immigrated as indentured servants. For the point, name this minority group that immigrated en masse to the United States from the British Isles after an 1845-52 potato famine.

ANSWER: **Irish**-Americans [accept **Fenians** during the italicized sentence] <PL> {II}

6. This lake's *Haplochromis* cichlid was made extinct by eutrophication, and its other environmental issues include the invasive water hyacinth. This lake was first encountered by a European in 1858, when John Speke determined it was the source of the White Nile. For the point, name this east African lake which Speke named for the reigning British monarch.

ANSWER: Lake **Victoria**

7. This character is told that his face "is as a book where men may read strange matters." Edward the Confessor sends troops behind the cover of uprooted trees against this thane. A play named for this man was written to honor James I, whose Stuart dynasty traced its lineage back to this man's friend Banquo. For the point, name this man who kills King Duncan to take over Scotland in a tragedy by Shakespeare.

ANSWER: Macbeth <MC> {II}

8. This empire made a treaty with the Seleucid Empire that allowed it to incorporate Arachosia and Gandara. This empire was ruled by a man who set up both "rock" and "pillar" edicts following the conquest of Kalinga. This empire briefly became a source of Buddhist missionaries following the conversion of emperor Ashoka. For the point, name this Indian empire that began in the 320s BC under Chandragupta and lasted until 185 AD.

ANSWER: Mauryan Empire

9. One work by this man states that charters don't give rights, but take them away. He denounced the Bible as "fabulous mythology" in his pamphlet advocating deism, *The Age of Reason*. This man denounced the "absurdity" of an island ruling a continent in a series designed for distribution in both England and the newly independent colonies. For the point, name this author of *Common Sense*, a leading propagandist of the American Revolution.

ANSWER: Thomas Paine

10. This composer's name was used as a coded rallying cry for the Risorgimento and the installation of Victor Emmanuel as king. His historical work includes *The Sicilian Vespers*, and he is also known for an opera in which "La Donna e Mobile (pr. **MO-bee-lay**)" is performed. For the point, name this Italian composer of *Rigoletto* and an opera set in ancient Egypt, *Aida*.

ANSWER: Giuseppe Verdi

11. This action led to the Trial of the Fourteen and to the construction of the Church of the Savior of Spilled Blood on the spot where it occurred. This act was perpetrated by a "propaganda of the deed" arm of Land and Liberty known as the People's Will, and it prevented the signing of the Loris-Melikov Constitution. For the point, identify this 1881 event in which the emancipator of the serfs died.

ANSWER: assassination [or murder, etc.] of Tsar Alexander II [prompt on answers that only say Alexander]

12. During this war, the Kagnew Battalion captured prisoners in the Battle of Pork Chop Hill. Fighter jets met at MiG Alley during this war, which included the Bodo League and No Gun Ri massacres. This war's early phases involved the challenge of crossing the Pusan Perimeter. For the point, name this war which saw an amphibious landing at Inchon and which ended with a de-militarized zone between the two combatant countries on an East Asian peninsula.

ANSWER: Korean War

13. The null corrector in this device had to be replaced prior to its taking an image of hundreds of seemingly brightly colored blotches known as its Deep Field. In 2018, this device will be retired and replaced with the new James Webb model. For the point, name this telescope which was placed into Earth's orbit in 1990.

ANSWER: **Hubble** Space Telescope [or **HST**]

14. This painting shows a symbolic Phrygian cap as well as the national embodiment Marianne, who is bare-chested and carrying the tricolor and a musket. The pile of bodies in this painting are the victims of the July Revolution which installed Louis-Philippe and deposed Charles X and the Bourbons. For the point, name this painting of French events in 1830 by Eugene Delacroix (deh-lah-KWAH).

ANSWER: ***Liberty Leading the People*** [or *La Liberte Guidant le Peuple*]

15. This disease radiated out from Calcutta in 1817 in the first of its seven canonical pandemics. A glass of water infected with this disease was possibly used by Peter Tchaikovsky to commit suicide. For the point, name this disease, commonly fatal in unsanitary conditions, which causes dehydration through constant diarrhea.

ANSWER: **cholera**

16. This empire was ruled by Sennacherib, whose "destruction" was the subject of a poem by Lord Byron. This empire's Black Obelisk records the conquests of Shalmaneser III. This empire collected a great mass of stone tablets at Nineveh, creating the world's first library under Ashurbanipal. For the point, name this empire which dominated the Middle East from the 1100s to 800s BC.

ANSWER: **Assyrian** empire

17. During a part of this campaign, Jews were massacred in Metz and other cities in the Rhineland as part of the People's Crusade. A piece of the Holy Lance was found during the Siege of Antioch during this Crusade. Led by Godfrey of Bouillon, this Crusade took control of a holy city from the Fatimid Dynasty, establishing the Kingdom of Jerusalem. For ten points, name this Crusade called for by Urban II at the Council of Clermont.

ANSWER: **First** Crusade

18. Its joint institutions were indicated by the abbreviation *K.u.K.* This empire was formed by the 1867 *Ausgleich* and was dismantled after World War One, which started after the assassination of its heir, Franz Ferdinand. For the point, name this Dual Monarchy ruled by the Habsburgs that had its primary capital at Vienna and its secondary capital in Budapest.

ANSWER: **Austria-Hungary** [or **Austro-Hungarian** Empire; prompt on **Austrian** Empire; prompt on **Habsburg** Monarchy or **Hapsburg** Empire]

19. James Boswell's "account" of this island discusses the briefly successful republican movement led here by Pasquale Paoli, who ended five hundred years of domination of this island by Genoa. The Battle of Punto Novo ended the republic here. This island is now controlled by France, and is found to the north of the Italian-controlled Sardinia. For the point, name this large Mediterranean island where Napoleon was born.

ANSWER: Corsica

20. This country's king threatened to abdicate rather than approve a law legalizing abortion in the 1950s. This country was home to Leon Degrelle's Rexist movement, a native Fascist party. The "Royal Question" referendum eventually re-admitted this country's king Leopold III, who had surrendered to Germany during World War II. For the point, name this country which forms an economic union with the other Low Countries, Luxembourg and the Netherlands.

ANSWER: Belgium [Kingdom of Belgium; or Royaume de Belgique; or Koninkrijk Belgie]

21. In one song, this singer begs the listener "not to do what your big sister done." Another of his songs addresses social problems of the late 1960s, "In the Ghetto." He starred in the films *Blue Hawaii* and *Viva Las Vegas*. For the point, name this singer of "Don't Be Cruel," "Hound Dog," "Blue Suede Shoes," and "Jailhouse Rock," a rock and roll icon who died at Graceland.

ANSWER: Elvis Presley [or Elvis]

22. This man's security forces held mass executions in soccer stadiums which targeted dissidents such as singer Victor Jara. "The brick" was a book produced to aid this man by Milton Friedman and the Chicago Boys. This man commanded the DINA secret police and was a key player in Operation Condor. Henry Kissinger endorsed his 1973 coup against Salvador Allende. For the point, name this dictator of Chile.

ANSWER: Augusto Pinochet Ugarte

23. This city, whose infrastructure in the early twentieth century was designed by William Mulholland, faced another man-made disaster in the early 2000s when the Rampart Squad was revealed to have fabricated evidence, ten years after rioting in this city on the acquittal of Rodney King. For the point, name this oft-troubled California city, which is beset by smog on Rodeo Drive and in Hollywood.

ANSWER: Los Angeles [or L.A.]

24. This event extended universal recognition to the House of Orange's rule in the Netherlands. The Duke of Wellington replaced Lord Castlereagh as British representative to this event, also attended by Alexander I of Russia and France's Talleyrand. For the point, name this meeting which convened in 1814 to organized the "concert of Europe" following the fall of Napoleon.

ANSWER: Congress of Vienna

25. This man faced a Visigoth-Roman alliance led by Theodoric and Flavius Aetius. Earlier, this brother of Bleda was persuaded to abandon plans to sack Rome by a personal plea from Pope Leo I. For the point, name this "scourge of God" who ravaged Europe in the fifth century CE as the leader of the Huns.

ANSWER: Attila the Hun

Backup Tossup – Only read if a question is botched!

TB. This man was an early advocate of renewed warfare in his "Sportpalast Speech." This man organized "immorality trials" against nuns and clerics as part of the "Kirchenkampf" or anti-church campaign that he led. This man and his wife Magda poisoned their six children before committing suicide in 1945 in the Fuhrerbunker, where he was the designated successor to Hitler. For the point, name this Nazi propaganda master.

ANSWER: Joseph Goebbels